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The Hongkong Telegraph

WEATHER FORECAST
CLOUDY.
Barometer 29.94.

November 26, 1918, Temperature 6 a.m. 63 2 p.m. 71
Humidity " 94 " 76

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November 26, 1917, Temperature 6 a.m. 67 2 p.m. 73
Humidity " 72 " 58

8108 日三廿月十

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1918.

二拜禮 號六廿月一十亥港香

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.
\$36 PER ANNUM.

REUTERS' TELEGRAMS.

FURTHER ARMISTICE DEVELOPMENTS.

German Protest Against the Conditions.

NO GUARANTEE OF ORDERLY ACQUIESCENCE.

Amsterdam, November 24.
A message from Berlin says the German Armistice Commission has protested against the refusal of Marshal Foch to mitigate the terms of the Armistice. It asserts that the conditions are practically impossible to fulfil and that the Germans are threatened with anarchy and famine. Germany will do everything possible conscientiously to fulfil the conditions, but an orderly execution thereof cannot be guaranteed.

The German Object.

London, November 24.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris, the newspapers acclaim Marshal Foch's refusal to modify the terms of the Armistice. They emphasize that Germany is attempting to excite sympathy and divide the Allies and America.

French Liberators Welcomed.

London, November 25.
A French communique states:—The advance continued in Belgium and Luxembourg. Cavalry reached the eastern frontier of Luxembourg. The French were given a great reception at Wissembourg, Reichshausen and other places.

Belgium's Honour.

London, November 24.
Reuter's correspondent at Brussels, writing on the 22nd inst., says the King in the afternoon went to the Hotel de Ville where Burgomaster Max delivered a loyal address in which he recalled that at the outbreak of war the King said to him:—"Belgium is entering a war in which she has no material interest; it is to safeguard her honour that she is going to fight; therefore let honour guide all who may be responsible for the country before the judgment of history." The King replied paying a tribute to Burgomaster Max and other Belgian dignitaries who preferred prison to sullying the honour of their country.—(Prolonged cheers).

The Necessity for Caution.

Paris, November 24.
A warning was given in the Chamber of Deputies by the Under Secretary of State for War that Germany has not begun to demobilize her armies and it would be madness for the associated Powers to relax the vigilance of their war efforts, the German being a treacherous enemy. Marshal Hindenburg has acknowledged that Germany is powerless to again open hostilities. This humiliating confession is most likely a trick to instil the idea into the Allies that everything is over except the signing of the Peace Treaty. It would be dangerous to fall into that trap. The Germans display signs of an obstinate spirit not to carry out loyally the clauses of the Armistice, raising objections on all clauses daily. Peace will be in sight only when Germany has carried out integrally the Armistice conditions.—Havas.

French Women Adamant.

Paris, November 24.
The Committee of the National Council of French Women has made a sterling rejoinder to the appeal by German women for a mitigation of the Armistice terms, reminding the German women that during the tragic four years they have remained silent to the crimes of their Government, Army and Navy. The women of France will not intercede to mitigate the conditions, which are justified by the disloyal manner in which Germany has waged war.—Havas.

Accommodating the Released Prisoners.

Paris, November 24.
Accommodation is being provided at Cherbourg for 5,000 French prisoners of war released from camps in Northern Germany. They will be conveyed by sea at the rate of 2,000 a day.—Havas.

COUNTER-REVOLUTION IN AUSTRIA.

Monarchists Stirring Up Trouble.

London, November 25.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Zurich, the Frankfurter Zeitung's Vienna correspondent reports rapid progress of a counter-revolutionary movement in Austria. The Monarchists are resorting to numerous methods to excite the peasants against the Viennese authorities.

RIGHTING OLD WRONGS.

Schleswig's Appeal to be Considered.

London, November 24.
Reuter's correspondent at Washington says President Wilson, replying to the petition from Schleswig Holstein regarding its oppressed kinsmen, declares that their appeal for justice will not go unheeded. It will be considered when the nations begin righting old wrongs.

THE RUBBER INDUSTRY.

Government Control Scheme Abandoned.

London, November 21.
In view of the cessation of hostilities, the Rubber Growers' Association has resolved to abandon the scheme for Government control of the industry. Consequently it is understood that no further immediate steps will be taken by the Government Committee which has been drawing up a scheme. The Association is preparing a fresh restriction scheme.

BAR SILVER FOR INDIA.

New York, November 20.

Millions of dollars in bar silver have been shipped to India.

REUTERS' TELEGRAMS.

LATEST DEVELOPMENTS IN GERMANY.

Executive Authority Transferred to Soviets.

A REPUBLIC WITH HAMBURG AS THE CAPITAL.

Copenhagen, November 24.
A message from Berlin officially announces that the Soviet and the Government have agreed to the transference of executive authority to the Soviets, who will suppress any counter-revolution. The Executive Council in Berlin will exercise control, pending the election of a new Executive Council by the Congress or representatives of the Soviets, which will be summoned as soon as possible.

A New Republic.

London, November 24.
The Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils have proclaimed Oldenburg, Ostfriesland, Bremen, Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein a Republic, with the capital at Hamburg. The Grand Duke of Baden and Prince Max have renounced the throne.

Jewish Demands.

London, November 24.
Reuter's correspondent at Stockholm says a meeting of Jews in Berlin demanded the abolition of Jewish restrictions and autonomy in internal Jewish affairs.

ANOTHER BATCH OF U-BOATS SURRENDERS.

The "Deutschland" Among the Number.

London, November 24.
An additional twenty-eight U-boats surrendered to-day, in the presence of Sir Eric Gaddes, including a number of the largest cruiser submarines, one of which was 350 feet long and carried a crew of ninety-one; also the Deutschland. Another was fitted with 5.9 inch guns and luxuriously furnished and fitted with ice machines. The total surrendered is now 87, and a further 14 are expected to arrive on the 25th inst. A leave sheet found on one submarine showed that in recent cases, officers' shore leave was signed by members of the crew.

U.S. COTTON SHIPMENTS.

Restrictions Now to be Removed.

London, November 21.
Reuter's correspondent at Washington states that after conferring with the War Trade Board, Senator Hoke Smith declared that all restrictions on the shipment of cotton would be removed except to enemies and North European neutrals. He expected that cotton would be shipped more freely to countries contiguous to Germany when the latter has complied with all the terms of the Armistice.

"CITY OF LINCOLN" REFLOATED.

London, November 21.

The City of Lincoln has been refloated. She is apparently undamaged, but probably will have to have her bottom examined before proceeding.

A QUIET CHRISTMAS.

Paris, November 24.

There will be no Christmas revelling or festivity in Paris this year.—Havas.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GERMAN NAVAL SURRENDER.

London, Nov. 24.
It is understood that the battleship Hercules and ten British destroyers, commanded by Admiral Browning, also French, Italian and American squadrons are going to Wilhelmshaven and Kiel to superintend the disarmament of the German warships. It is reported that Admiral Beatty has demanded from the Germans: "either Dreadnought to replace one that is being repaired in Germany, and another destroyer to replace the destroyer mined en route to Britain."

BRITISH TROOPS ON GERMAN FRONTIER.

London, Nov. 24.
Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: On Sunday our troops continuing their march towards the Rhine reached the German frontier immediately northward of the Duchy of Luxembourg. Our general line in the evening was the frontier, southward of Beho, Grandmesnil, Pomel, Huy and eastward of Avennes.

MORE GERMAN DEVILRY.

Brussels, Nov. 24.

Four internal machines have been found in the vaults of the Palais de Justice, where they were placed by the Germans close to a quantity of ammunition.

PRISONERS FROM RUHLIBEN.

Copenhagen, Nov. 24.

British prisoners from Ruhlben have arrived at home in England.

LONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR.

Candidates on Enemy Aliens.

Alderman Sir Horace Brooks Marshall was elected Lord Mayor at an assembly of the City in the Guildhall recently. Before the election the new Sheriff, Mr. Banister Fletcher, F.R.I.B.A., and Colonel W. R. Smith, M.D., were formally admitted to office and there was a service at the church of St. Lawrence Jewry, which was attended in state by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriff, and members of the Corporation, and at which the sermon was preached by the Rev. W. P. Bailey, sub-dean of St. Paul's and Chaplain to the Lord Mayor.

On the return to the Guildhall the Common Serjeant read the names of the Aldermen in relation to serve, and Major Hawkins, a Liverman, asked Sir Horace Brooks Marshall and Sir Edward Cooper, the two senior Aldermen on the list, whether they were prepared to do all in their power to urge upon the Government the internment or repatriation of all enemy aliens, especially those holding high and important positions in the kingdom and receiving large salaries.

Sir Horace Brooks Marshall replied that he was entirely in sympathy with the purpose implied in the question. He ventured, however, to remind Major Hawkins that an Aliens Advisory Committee had been appointed by the Government. That committee was presided over by a distinguished Judge, Mr. Justice Sankey, it was now sitting, and its work had not yet been completed. In the event, however, of it appearing that further action was desirable for the removal of the possibility of harm to the State from enemy aliens in whatever position, such action would have his entire support.

Sir Edward Cooper said he could readily promise to do all in his power to see that any alien enemies, whether in the highest or the lowest position, should be interned. It ought to have been done long ago. But he laid stress on the word "enemy." A negro could not help being black, nor could a German help being born German. He knew many naturalised Germans who had a son or sons fighting in our Army. There were Germans and Germans. He yielded to none in his loathing of the Prussianised German and looked upon him as human vermin. They had a tribunal sitting, and he was sure it would do its duty without fear or favour. He wished there were more business men on it, because, with all due respect to lawyers, they had a readier way of dealing with matters. In his opinion, we had much more to dread from the home-bred creature called the English pacifist than from the enemy alien.

On a show of hands Sir Horace Marshall was elected unanimously and cheered.

In returning thanks for his election, the Lord Mayor-elect said it would be his endeavour to uphold the great traditions of the Mansion House. It had fallen to him, as to several of his colleagues, to be elected during this period of world-wide war. We rejoiced to-day that on every battle front Great Britain and her Allies were on the offensive. He knew that he was voicing the sentiments of every citizen of London when he said that nothing would be wanting on their part to co-operate with the Government in doing everything in their power to bring the war to not only a victorious, but a lasting conclusion.

The Lord Mayor-elect entertained the Lord Mayor-elect and the Aldermen, Sheriff, and High Bailiffs at luncheon at the Mansion House.

PITMAN'S SHORTHAND.

Results of Italian Convent Examinations.

Three batches of certificates arrived lately from Bath distributed as follows:—
Full Certificates:—The Misses J. Ahwee, A. Danenberg, E. Carvalho, C. Guimaraes, and E. Silva.

Speed Certificates:—L. Gill, C. Ozorio, L. Price, V. Basave, and M. Steel.

Theory Certificates:—E. Alvarez, D. Jason, C. Medina, F. Neves, F. Nunes, M. Remedios, M. Santos, O. Statham, A. Taylor, M. Walter, R. White, G. Woolley, and E. Woolley.

Elementary Certificates:—E. Barros, D. Collaco, E. Danenberg, L. Ferguson, B. Jennings, M. Holloway, N. Kailley, M. Kinross, and M. Mathias.

GOLF.

The Ladies' Championship.

The draw for the first round of the Ladies' Golf Championship 1918, is as follows:—
Mrs. Moore v. Mrs. Maitland.

Miss Wilkinson v. Mrs. Crawford.

Byes.—Mrs. Thurfild, v. Miss J. Bodger; Mrs. J. W. Stewart v. Mrs. Draper; Mrs. Adams v. Mrs. Fletcher.

First and second rounds to be played on or before December 14th; third round on or before December 24th; fourth round on or before January 4th.

The entries for the "Woodhouse" Caps close on November 30th.

"GERMAN IN SENTIMENT."

A Prisoner's Hidden Identity.

William James, the man who was arrested in Mids Vale by a constable who was on leave and whose suspicions were aroused, appeared on remand at Marylebone Police Court recently, charged with failing to register as an alien. When arrested he told the policeman that he was "German in sentiment if not actively hostile." He endeavoured to conceal his nationality but eventually confessed that he was a German and said that he had been in Ireland.

The constable now said that he found on the man five £5 Bank of England notes, nine £1 Treasury notes, a Post Office Savings Bank book, showing a deposit of £30 on September 9, 8s, silver, and 1s. 5 1/2 pence.

The prisoner, asked by the Magistrate why he had not registered, replied, "Because aliens in this country, while a war is on, are in a rather unpleasant position."

The Magistrate.—If they don't register themselves they make it very awkward.

The prisoner.—It was only by chance they got me when they did—by mistaking me for an escaped German prisoner.

The man was further remanded with the object of establishing his identity.

Snakes in a Poultry Farm.

Five snakes, two big and three smaller ones, said to be box constrictors, made an unwelcome appearance at the Victoria Experimental Poultry Farm at Soke of Poole Valley behind the French Convent, on Sunday morning at daybreak. Three of the snakes were killed and two escaped, and a batch of coolies experienced in dealing with snakes are now trying to find their headquarters. The snakes, however, did some damage at the farm, for before they were discovered it was found that a very valuable pen of Minorcas, just let out on that day, were bitten and subsequently killed by the snakes. The value of the pen is something in the neighbourhood of £300.

MURDER CHARGE.

Three Chinese in the Dock.

Three Chinese were charged on remand at the Police Court this afternoon, before Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, with strangling another Chinese to death. Mr. Leo Longinotto (Assistant Crown Solicitor) appeared to prosecute on behalf of the Crown, and the defendants were not represented.

Mr. Leo Longinotto, in giving the facts of the case, said that on November 9, the deceased was murdered at No. 2 Pennington Street. The principal witness would be a small Chinese girl who was sitting outside the kitchen door and was in a position to see all those who came in or went out. It appeared that there were six cubicles in the house. In the first cubicle lived the first defendant and his wife and in the second lived the small girl. Other cubicles were occupied by persons who would not appear as witnesses. It also appears that on the day in question a terrible noise was heard at about 3 o'clock. She ran to her cubicle and peeping through a hole in No. 1 cubicle she could see four men struggling. She then ran to the Nan Yang Tobacco Factory nearby and told her mother what had happened.

Dr. MacFarlane, in giving evidence, said that he made a post mortem examination of the deceased on November 10. The body was identified by six persons. Inspector Sim was present at the identification. He found several bruises on the neck. Under the bruises there was hemorrhage. In his opinion death was due to asphyxiation.

In reply to Mr. Leo Longinotto, witness said that the bandage produced in Court might probably cause the deceased's death.

Mr. C. Sara deposed that he drew the plans and that they were correct.

Questioned by Mr. Longinotto, witness said that persons inside the kitchen could not see who was coming up or going down the steps, but if a person was sitting outside the kitchen door he could see those coming up or going down.

Further evidence was called and the case is proceeding.

BOXING.

Two Championships to be Decided.

The boxing tournament being arranged by the Police Reserve for December 14 promises to be one of the best night's sport ever witnessed in the Colony. This will be evident when we state that there are two championship events—one of twenty rounds for the Bantam-Weight and another of fifteen rounds for the Middle-Weight Championship of the Colony.

We have already given the contestants in the former Championship; for the latter Leading Seaman Lucas, R.N., and Sicker Saunders, R.N., will meet. Both have excellent records, details of which will be published later, and a fine fight is anticipated.

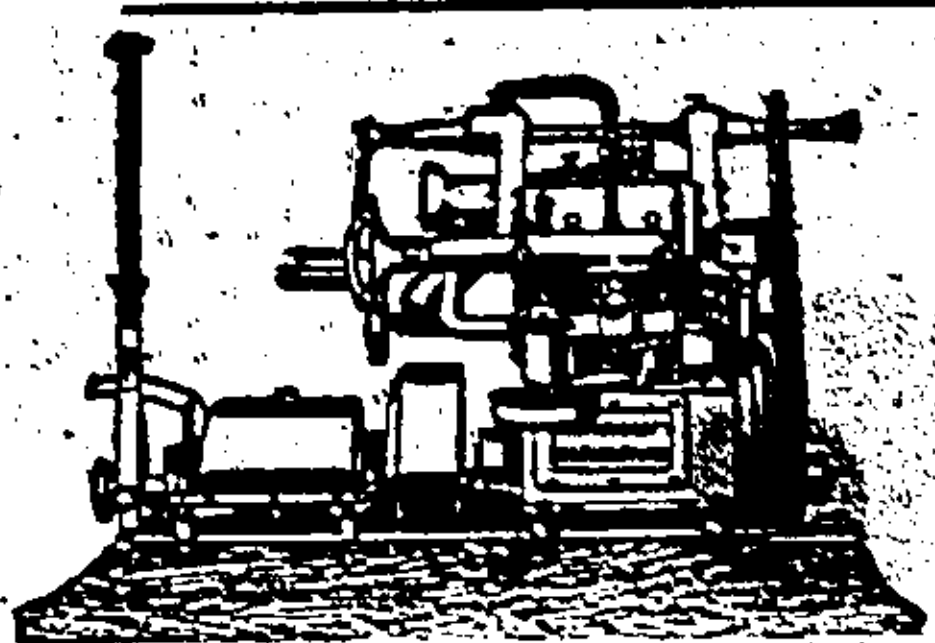
Obstructions.

Several cases of obstruction were heard at the Police Court this morning, before Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe. Inspector MacDonnell said that he had warned them repeatedly, but to no effect. His Worship imposed fines from \$5 to \$7.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.
Victoria Theatre.—5.15 p.m. and 7.30 p.m. The Great Escape.

NOTICES.



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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.
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FINEST
Lemon Squash.

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Soaps, scientifically com-
bined with an Oatmeal
specially treated for the
extraction of its bland,
soothing, superfatting
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For the NURSERY.

A perfect Nursery Soap.
It soothes as it cleanses.
Its use enables Baby to
start life with a healthy and
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SCOTTISH WOMEN'S STALL.

Will the ladies who have so generously donated articles
to the above Stall at the Fair, kindly send their gifts to
the following Conveners on or before November 28th:—

MRS. SUTHERLAND ... Peak District
MRS. MILROY ... West Point District
MRS. SHAW ... East Point
MRS. TEMPLETON ... Quarry Bay
MESDAMES BLACK & ORMISTON ... Central
MRS. C. FORSYTH ... Kowloon

All perishable goods should be sent direct to the Scottish
Women's Stall at the Fair Ground early on the morning
of November 29th.

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IN JELLY, VARIETIES.
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G. R.

Any European, Non-Asiatic or
Indian desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person
at the Central Police Station
between the hours of 9 a.m. to
1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.
Applicants will be required to
produce Passports or identifica-
tion papers.

All persons with certain excep-
tions who remain in the
Colony for more than 7 days are
required to Register themselves
under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916.
Forms of Registration giving the
particulars required may be
obtained at the G. P. O. and at
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GENERAL NEWS.

A Danger to the Community.

A tailor who appeared before
the Guildhall section of the
London Appeal Tribunal recently
produced a medical certificate
showing that he was suffering
from tuberculosis in an advanced
stage. He said he was working
in a room with other people.
The Chairman (Mr. J. R. Pake-
man):—We ought for the sake of
the public health to refuse an
application like this, as you will
be under better control in the
Army. I hope that this and
similar cases will obtain the
widest publicity. It is only in
that way that the scandal can be
stopped. We do not want to
punish you, but we want to take
you out of civil life where you
are a positive danger to the com-
munity. The case was adjourned
for 14 days so that the Local
Government Board might be
communicated with.

Indian Press' Act.

The Indian Imperial Legisla-
tive Council has rejected by 37
votes to 15 a resolution moved by
Mr. Kharade for the appoint-
ment of a Committee to inquire
into the effect of the special
Press legislation. Sir William
Vincent vigorously opposed it on
behalf of the Government,
pointing out that not a single
instance of the misuse of
the Press Act had been pro-
duced in the debate. Several
supporters of the resolution
admitted that they had no com-
plaint, but argued that inquiry
might help the Government. Sir
William Vincent referred to the
Viceroy's answer to the Press
deputation in March last year,
and declared that there had been
no change in the situation since.
He also emphasised the fact that
a certain section was never
satisfied with the results of
inquiries, as was shown by the
attacks on the Rowland Committee
on conspiracies.

Grain from Raking and Gleaning.

The Food Production Depart-
ment print out that it is most de-
sirable, in view of the necessity of
conserving the nation's food sup-
plier, that no farmer should fail to
win the greatest possible amount of
grain by thoroughly raking his
land. When raking of the field
has been carried and prove unfit
for human food, and farmers
desire to feed the same, they
should apply for a licence. This
can be obtained from the local
food office, from a grain officer at
the nearest Corn Exchange or
grain market on any market day,
or from the Divisional Food Com-
missioner. Gleaning by hand
for the benefit of the gleaner after
a field has been raked is not pro-
hibited, but the grain gathered
must not be fed to animals unless
it is sound and a licence has
been obtained. After a field has
been raked, stock or poultry may
be turned on it to feed what re-
mains.

To Blow up the Soviet.

Lenin's appeal to his followers
at the first meeting which he
attended on his recovery, calling
upon them to modify their
methods of terrorism and massacre
and revert to what he termed
"good revolutionary methods,"
does not seem to have had much
effect on their proceedings and
the methods systematically followed
by Pokrovsky and his Red
Guards. Attacks have continued
on such a scale that it has proved
utterly impossible to find room in
the prisons for all those arrested.
A decision, therefore, has been
taken to intern them in a camp
where German and Austrian
prisoners of war have hitherto
been kept. A somewhat mys-
terious telegram was received
from Moscow recently saying that
a new attempt had been made
against several Soviet Ministers,
without specifying which. This
is now explained by an
announcement that an under-
ground passage had been made
under a house in the Kremlin,
where the Cabinet Council was
assembled, for the purpose of
blowing up the building and
burying the Council of Commis-
sioners in its ruins. This
discovery was made the pretext
for a removal of terrorism and the
arrest of a large number of
leading men in financial, military
and business circles, who will be
kept in Moscow under close
surveillance with their lives
more or less forfeited.

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GENERAL NEWS.

"A Dangerous Work of Art."

At Stratford Police Court recently, Ernest James Warren, 20, of Thundersley, Essex, was charged with having been in possession of a forged 10s. Treasury note and a tracing of a note. For the prosecution it was stated that Warren, who had been in the Army, while in hospital painted an imitation of a 10s. note. When he was discharged from the hospital the matter came to the knowledge of the police. The defence was that Warren made the note to give to a friend as a specimen of his artistic ability, and that he had no idea of negotiating it. The Chairman of the Bench, in discharging Warren, remarked that the note was a dangerous work of art, although it was highly creditable to the defendant's penmanship.

A Revival of Apprenticeship.

It is universally recognised (says the Times) that an improvement in former methods of juvenile employment must play an important part in any scheme of economic reconstruction after the war, and there is evidence to show that an increasing interest is being felt throughout the country in the possibility of establishing, or reviving, an apprenticeship system under conditions appropriate to modern industry. The Juvenile Advisory Committee set up by the Minister of Labour have for some time worked in this direction, and in London schemes of apprenticeship in the building trades and for the employment of learners in the dressmaking and allied trades have been adopted; while many large firms in the country have special arrangements in operation for the training of young workers.

Industrial Chemistry.

The Salters' Company have issued a circular giving the outline of the Salters' Institute, now being founded to promote research in industrial chemistry, and to train students. An important part of this scheme is the foundation of Post-Graduate Fellowships. The new organisation will be called "The Salters' Institute of Industrial Chemistry," and for the present will be located at the Salters' Hall, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C. The first business will be the appointment of a director, who must possess an exceptional knowledge of scientific and industrial chemistry. Among other things, the Director will make arrangements between manufacturers and students and universities for the investigation of any particular problems requiring research, and give practical advice and information to those who are, or intend to become, industrial chemists, and especially to men whose careers have been interrupted or affected by naval, military, or national service. The Salters' Company will establish two types of fellowships for which post-graduate students or any recognised university will be eligible. The two classes are (a) fellowships to enable post graduate students to continue their studies at an approved university or under the general supervision of the director, (b) industrial fellowships to enable suitably equipped chemists to carry on research for any particular manufacturer, under an agreement which will be entered into between the Institute, the manufacturer, and the Fellow. Grants in aid may also be made to a certain number of persons who desire to improve themselves in the knowledge of their particular work by attending technical establishments or evening classes, at which they can obtain a better grasp of their subject.

NOTICES.

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GIT up Andy, the war's over. We must sell that camouflaged weskit of yours an' git some money for them 'ospital. They say as they're crowded with poor chaps.

Ad a letter from old Bill, him as lost the power o' 'is legs an' has a wife an' six kids. 'E's at Bellahouston, in that fine ward as was given by the 'ongkong folk. Says 'e's gittin' on grand an' 'is wife won't know 'im 'es so 'oppy now.

Member Welshy Jones, 'im as was shell-shocked an' paralysed? Put them orphyedik things on him they did. 'E's discharged, or' right again! Wonnerful ain't it?

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WAR BOND TICKETS
50% FOR WAR CHARITIES.**

ON SALE AT ALL BANKS, CLUBS, HOTELS, STORES, ETC.

Do You Suffer from any SKIN OR BLOOD DISEASE

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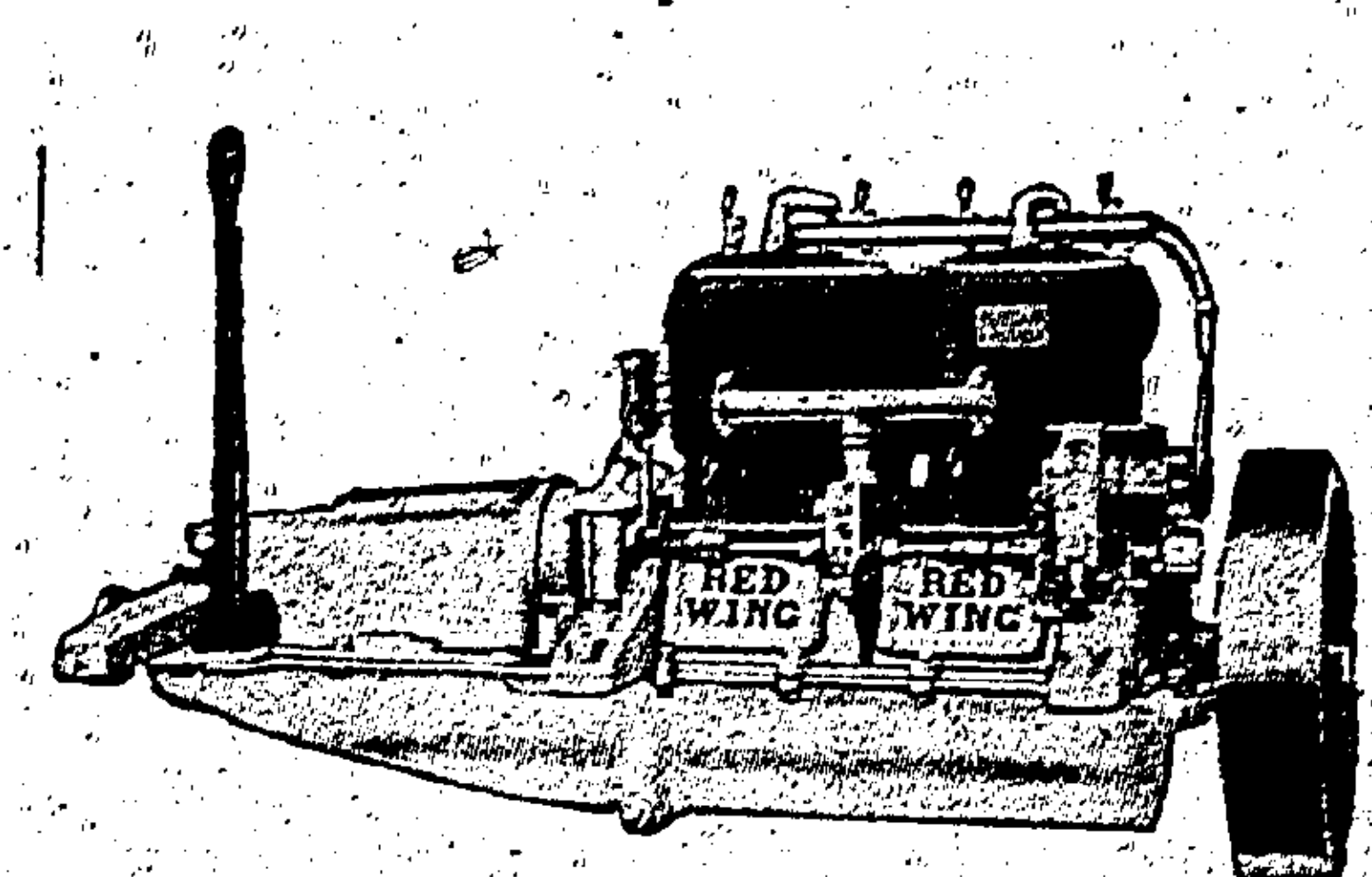
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—8TH DECEMBER, from 9 P.M. to 11.30 P.M.

Admission \$1.

Each ticket of admission is entitled to a souvenir if presented at the Souvenir Stalls on the evening of the Fete only.

Tickets can be had from MESSRS. KELLY & WALSH.

In the afternoon from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. Children's Stalls will be opened and Tea & Cakes will be served—Admission Free.

HEATHER DAY.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.

WANTED.—Elephants, Lions, Tigers for the "Zoo"; also Geese, Turkeys, Poultry, Pigeons, Ducks, Rabbits, Dogs, Cats, etc., the latter to be sold. Communicate with A. R. Taylor, No. 4 Government Quarters, Park Road.

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THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.
Honorary Secretaries & Treasurers.

Hongkong, 14th January, 1919.

OPIUM RECEIVING?

Police and Revenue Men
Convicted.

Kam Sang, C384, of the Hongkong Police, Chan Wan Bin, Revenue Officer No. 80, Pang Fuk, a boatman, and Li Ho, the mistress of boat No. B.873V, appeared before Commander Beckwith at the Marine Court this morning, charged with unlawfully moving in the Harbour during official night on the 24th without the written permission of the officer in charge of the Examination Service. Mr. E. L. Agassiz appeared for the Revenue Officer and pleaded guilty on his behalf.

Sergeant Bond deposed that he was patrolling near the wharf anchorage at 3.15 a.m. on the 25th. When he sighted a sampson sailing from east to west. He ordered her to stop, but the latter refused and continued sailing. He overtook and boarded the sampson after chasing a distance of 500 to 600 yards. The women were at the stern and the three defendants were sitting in the hold. The first defendant, a detective of the Shaukiwan Police Station, was carrying a revolver with twenty-five rounds of ammunition, and the second defendant was seen extracting a packet (the contents of which were not known) from his pocket, and he threw it overboard. All of them were arrested and brought to the Police Station.

This concluded the evidence. Mr. Agassiz said that his client was a Revenue Officer of five years' standing with a spotless character. He was not regarded as the ringleader but was incriminated by his associates. He requested the Magistrate to view the case in a considerate light, taking into consideration his client's good character, and also the fact that he was guided by false companions. His conviction would entail serious consequences—presumably dismissal from his position.

His Worship:—There is no doubt about it.

"No trace of sinking any contraband goods, such as opium was found upon him," proceeded Mr. Agassiz. "No doubt he is concerned in the case, which is a serious offence, but the Police do not regard him as the ringleader."

Inspector Gordon, who presented, said that the Hon. C. S. P. regarded the case as a serious one, more particularly in view of the fact that the first defendant was a detective and the second a Revenue officer, both men being in Government employ. On the morning in question they were en route to the S. S. Lok Sang which was infested with opium smuggling. The defendants were attempting a receiving enterprise.

His Worship:—Is anything known against the third defendant?

Inspector Gordon replied that the defendant had a criminal record previously under the name of Lo Fuk. On one occasion he was found on a dingy in possession of a quantity of sinking apparatus, viz., ropes and heavy material.

His Worship:—He may be an expert receiver.

Inspector Gordon asserted that the first and second defendants in association with such an expert, were equally guilty in all respects, especially in view of the fact that they were Police officers and were relied upon by the public for the preservation of peace and to prevent any infringement of the law which was within their power.

His Worship:—What was the bail for the woman?

Inspector Gordon:—I objected to bail.

His Worship:—It is possible that the sampson was hired by the first three defendants?

Inspector Gordon:—Yes, quite so.

His Worship said that in view of the fact that the sampson was a passenger boat he ordered the mistress to pay a fine of \$50, or two months' hard labour, and in view of the fact that the first defendants were men employed to preserve the law and third defendant was a man of bad character, he sentenced them to four months' hard labour each.

NEW AMERICAN
AMBASSADOR.

Member of President's Cabinet.

Washington, Sept. 18.—The appointment is announced of Mr. John William Davis as successor to Mr. Page at the London Embassy. Mr. Davis, who is at present in Switzerland as head of the American representatives in conference with Germany, about the treatment and exchange of prisoners, is expected to return here before he goes to London so that it may be some time before he takes up his new duties.

His appointment will have no critics. Mr. Davis is not a man of national reputation, as some of his predecessors have been when they were chosen, but he is one of the most popular and respected figures in official life in Washington, and he and Mrs. Davis are among the best liked personages in its social life. As Solicitor-General he has been in close touch with the State Department, and particularly with Mr. Lansing, of whom he is an old and confidential friend.

He entered the Government from Congress, where he sat for West Virginia. Before that he was energetic on the Democratic side in the politics of his State, and was also president of the West Virginia Bar Association. The new Ambassador is only 45 and though rather more grey than his years might warrant, is obviously in the prime of life. He is tall, athletic, and clean-shaven. He used last spring to be Lord Reading's companion at golf on some of the very rare occasions when the British Ambassador could leave his work for a few hours.

He is from all points of view a man who may be relied upon to live up to the high traditions of his post as an individual and as the President's official representative and mouthpiece. Like Mr. Page, he is a man of moderate means.

Mr. Davis was born at Clarkburg, West Virginia, in 1873. He graduated at Washington and Lee University, and there held the Assistant Professorship of Law in 1896. Since then he has practised law in his native city. He was returned to Congress in 1911 for West Virginia, and resigned his seat to take up the duties of Solicitor-General in 1913. Since then, of course, he has been largely responsible for the policy of the Department of Justice, and concerned with the international relations of his country, first as a neutral, and then associated with the Powers at war with Germany.

Mr. Page's Farewell.

Mr. Walter Hines Page the retiring American Ambassador, was recently presented with a gold vase of the period of George IV. by representatives of the Anglo-American Society, the Committee of Management of Salgrave Manor (of which Mr. Page was chairman), and the British American Peace Centenary Committee. A souvenir gift, a silver inkstand and gold fountain pen, was presented to Mrs. Page. The ceremony took place at 17, Belgrave-square, and there were present Lord Wardale, Lord Bryce, Sir William Mather, Colonel Sir Charles Wakefield, Sir Robert Esdaile, Sir Algernon Firth, Sir Harry Brittain, Mr. Robert Donald, and Mr. H. S. Parris (secretary).

Lord Wardale, in making the presentation, said that they were very anxious that Mr. Page should not leave without some mark of the appreciation which they felt for him in this country, which had been, he hoped, a happy home during the last five years.

Mr. Page, in responding, said he could not, if he were physically able, express what he felt for their great thoughtfulness, and for the compliments that so many of his good friends, both in public and private life, had been fit to pay him. They must pardon him for saying that he did not deserve them. He had simply the good fortune to be placed in a rather conspicuous, and certainly most interesting, place during these momentous years; and he therefore got credit for what he did not deserve. No man could be happier in the accident of public service than to have had such an experience as his.

VICTORY CELEBRATIONS.

Three Days' Programme in
Canton.

By order of the Administrative Council of the Military Government, November 27, 28 and 29 will be declared holidays for Canton to celebrate the Allied Victory and World Peace, says the Canton Times.

A meeting was held in Hai chu on the 24th inst. to arrange for a programme, and it was attended by C. O. Wu, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs; Tan Ting kang, Vice Minister of the Navy; Pan Chak, Commander of the Salt Preventive Fleet; Ching Tso-wei, president of the Kwangtung Educational Association; Kum Yat-chong, representing the Military Governor; and Chan Lim Pak.

It was decided to name the celebration "World Peace," that the Military Government will give a reception to the Chinese and foreign residents of Canton at East Garden; a tea-party at the Chinese training cruiser "Chiao-ho"; to ask all shops and residents in Canton to display flags and lanterns for the three days mentioned; to have a grand parade; to have water floats on the Pearl River; lantern parades, and athletic meetings.

The Canton Boy Scouts will participate in many of these activities. Other organisations have already signified their willingness to carry on the plans of the general committee.

Since he had lived among them. The personal side was even more affecting than the great compliment they had paid him for his public services. He remembered very distinctly that, when he came here five years ago, he was a stranger to most people in England, and certainly the most important people. He was received with the accustomed open-heartedness which they showed to representatives of his great country across the sea; and that was to be expected, because it was of their nature. But many things followed that were not to be expected—namely, the personal relations established, not only with the officers of his Majesty's Government in an official way, but with so many good British people, who had taken him, and Mrs. Page, to their home and their hearts. That was what touched him even more. They had all become his good friends, and they had been kind enough to come there and say "Good-bye" to him in so pleasant and touching a way, and to show their sincere interest in his wife and himself. That was even more touching than the public praise he was receiving, far beyond his due. He could only say, and he did so in sincerest words, "I heartily thank you."

Sir William Mather, making the gift to Mrs. Page, said that the name of the late Ambassador and his wife would remain as a reminiscence of the greatest possible satisfaction and joy to a vast number of people in this country. It would never be forgotten that during this period of war there had been restored the old relationship between the common races of England and America, and the glorious Fourth of July of this year would be memorable in both countries. It was largely through Mr. Page's far-reaching influence that the breaches in that relationship had been healed, so as to make America and Britain for evermore one united and glorious people.

Mrs. Page acknowledged the compliment, and thanked them for associating her in their minds with her husband.

At a meeting of the City Corporation, the Lord Mayor presiding, Mr. J. E. Hodder-Williams moved, and Sir Marcus Samuel seconded, a resolution expressing the great regret of the citizens of London at the retirement, through ill-health, of Mr. Page, the United States Ambassador, and their appreciation of his eminent services to the cause of the Allies during the tenure of his high office. The resolution was carried unanimously.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

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BEFORE PEACE IS SIGNED

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Sickly babies—little ones who are troubled with their stomachs and bowels, whose teething is painful, digestion bad, and who cannot sleep well—may be made healthy and happy by Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy.

Mrs. Wilfred Damone, of Val Brilliant, Quebec, writes: "Please send me a vial of Baby's Own Tablets as I would not care to be without them. I have used them for constipation and vomiting and am well pleased with the result."

The Tablets are recommended also as a remedy for worms, and to break up simple colds and fevers. Obtainable from medicine dealers, also at 60 cents the vial, post free, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. 86 Elizabeth Road, Shanghai.

TO-DAY'S
ADVERTISEMENTS.

"HEATHER DAY."

PEAK DISTRICT.

LADIES assisting on "Heather Day" will receive their Collecting Tins. Boards and Baskets at the PEAK CLUB between 10 A.M. and NOON on THURSDAY, 28th inst.

MRS. SUTHERLAND,

Convener.

Hongkong, 26th November 1916.

"HEATHER DAY."

CENTRAL DISTRICT.

LADIES assisting on "Heather Day" will receive their Collecting Tins. Boards and Baskets at the Offices of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd. between 5.30 and 6.30 P.M. on THURSDAY, 28th inst.

MRS. BLACK,

Convener.

Hongkong, 26th November 1916.

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EXTINGUISHERTHE
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DINNERS WILL BE SERVED
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WE STOCK IT IN ALL WEIGHTS.

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FOR THE COMING SEASON.

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"MORE CANDY"
"SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE"
"ALL I NEED IS A GIRL"
"CHERRY BLOSSOM"
"JOAN OF ARC"
"OH! JOHNNY OH!"
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Superintendent.CANADIAN PACIFIC
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U. S. MAIL LINE.Operating the new First Class Steamers
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	*Kamakura M. T. 12,410	SUN., 8th Dec. at 11 a.m.
	*Nikko Maru T. 9,600	SATUR., 14th Dec. at 11 a.m.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKO- HAMA	*Kitano Maru T. 15,780	SATUR., 18th Jan. at 11 a.m.
	*Tama Maru T. 7,000	FRIDAY, 29th Nov.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	*Bombay Maru T. 9,950	SUNDAY, 1st Dec.
LONDON via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Delagoa Bay and Cape Town	*Aki Maru T. 12,310	TUES., 26th Nov. at 11 a.m.
MELBOURNE via Manila, Zam- boanga, Thursday Is., Town- sville, Brisbane & Sydney	*Tango Maru T. 12,760	WED., 18th Dec. at 11 a.m.
NEW YORK via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco and Panama Canal	*Kosoku Maru T. 7,000	THURS., 28th Nov.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Malac- ca and Colombo	*Toyooka Maru T. 15,210	WEDNES., 4th Dec.
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HONGKONG-VICTORIA, B.C.-SEATTLE VIA MANILA, SHANGHAI,
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*Suwa Maru MON., 25th Nov., at 11 a.m.
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B. MORI, Manager.
Telephone Nos. 292 & 293.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE
VIA SHANGHAI, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Hongkong.
TERUYO MARU	22,000	27th Nov.
IMUYO MARU	22,000	18th Dec.
KOREA MARU	20,000	17th Jan.
SIBERIA MARU	20,000	25th Jan.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.
HONGKONG TO VALPARAISO VIA JAPAN, HONOLULU,
SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO CRUZ,
BALBOA, CALLAO, ARICA AND IQUIQUE.
THENCE BY TRANS ANDERSON ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Hongkong.
KIYO MARU	17,200	9th January.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.
For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply toT. DAIGO, Manager.
KING'S BUILDINGS.

Telephone Nos. 2374 & 2375.

JAVA PACIFIC LINE
OF THE
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN.Monthly Service between
NETH: INDIA, MANILA, HONGKONG & SAN FRANCISCO

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.

All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Points to the United States of America and Canada.

For particulars of Freight and Passage apply to the

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN.
General Managers,
York Buildings.
Telephone No. 1574.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

"NANKING" (15,000 tons, American Registry) "CHINA" (10,000 tons, American Registry)
SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.
"NANKING" January 9th, 1919.
"CHINA" January 9th, 1919.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent,
Prince's Buildings, Lee House Street, Tel. 1934.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS
TO
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to approach the undersigned.

Steamers proceed via Cape of Good Hope.
Subject to change without notice.THE BANK LINE, LTD.,
General Agents,
or to REISS & Co. Canton
Hongkong, Jan. 2, 1917.

SHIPPING.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers.	To Sail.
SHANGHAI	Changchow	27th Nov. at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI	Sunning	28th Nov. at noon.
TIENHSIN	Kueichow	29th Nov. at noon.
SHANGHAI	Yingchow	1st Dec. at noon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO.
Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.Telephone No. 36.
Hongkong Nov. 26, 1918.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between
CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	To
Tjimanoeck	Java	25th Nov.	30th Nov.	Amoy, S'hai
Tjikini	Java & M'sar	25th Nov.	28th Nov.	S'hai/Daly
Schledyk	Java	26th Nov.	3rd Dec.	Saigon
Nias	Java	29th Nov.	6th Dec.	Saigon
Tjikini	Shanghai	15th Dec.	20th Dec.	Java

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,
York Building. 15.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for first Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOSHOW AND RETURN.

Steamships.	Captain	Leaving.
Haitan	A. E. Hodgins	TUES., 26th Nov. at 1 p.m.
Haihong	J. W. Evans	TUES., 3rd Dec. at 1 p.m.

FOR SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,
General Managers.INDO-CHINA STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—(Subject to Alteration)

For	Steamship	On
S'PORE, Pang & Centa Vilim	Wed., 27th Nov. at 3 p.m.	
HAIPHONG	Loksang	Thurs., 28th Nov. at 8 a.m.
MANILA	Loongsang	Fri., 29th Nov. at 3 p.m.
SINGAPORE	Van Waerwijck	Fri., 29th Nov. at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	Mausang	Fri., 6th Dec. at noon.
MANILA	Tuensang	Fri., 6th Dec. at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE.—This line is temporarily discontinued owing to the war, but at present a monthly service is maintained with the S.S. "KNAISANG" and "VITIM" calling at Singapore and Penang. The former vessel has excellent passenger accommodation, is fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SINGAPORE LINE.—The S.S. "VAN WAERWIJCK" leaves for Singapore approximately every fortnight. This vessel has excellent accommodation for first class passengers, and is fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Hanoi when indicated on the schedule.

SOURABEE LINE.—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having space for accommodation for passengers.

Canton and Hongkong Lines.—Sailings from March to October between Hongkong and Swatow.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations.

All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlements, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Telephone No. 215.
General Managers.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.

BANKERS AND FORWARDERS.

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11, Elbury Street, S. W.

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General Banking and Foreign Exchange.

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American Business Specialty.

SHIPPING NEWS.

73 Ships for one Company.
The Tregantle, a big type of merchant vessel, which has been launched from the yard of Messrs. Readhead and Sons, South Shields, is the 73rd ship the firm have built for the St. Ives Line. The whole of the "Tre" fleet of steamers has been constructed by Messrs. Readhead, and this is believed to be a record.
"Calm Courage of Merchant Seaman."

Sir Thos. R. yden, Bart. (Deputy Controller of Shipping), declared to a meeting of his supporters in the Bootle Division, that he was in entire sympathy with the Seamen's Boycott. Expressing his great thanks for his adoption as Unionist candidate, Sir Thomas remarked this was his first incursion into politics, but he did not feel a stranger, because in the whole Merseyside there was no more thorough-going "Dicky Sam" than he was. His commercial interests and personal affections were entirely centred in Liverpool and Merseyside and his commercial interests in Bootle were certainly very extensive. If he had the honour and good fortune to be elected nobody could have the interests of the constituency more at heart. "I stand here for one thing at this moment," declared Sir Thomas. "I stand here for the successful prosecution of the war." (Applause) After the war we had to rebuild our houses, and on the wisdom and patriotism of those in authority depended the future welfare of our country, our countrymen, and the British Empire. He had been very close to the war since its beginning; he had been in nearly every seat of war, and he could say this country was very fortunate in having been spared the horrors of invasion and, above all, of invasion by the Hun. A certain small section of the community were under the impression they could negotiate peace with Germany. They did not know the Germans—a nation which by education and training and tradition had been turned from human beings into wild beasts. The German was the wild beast of Europe, and if we negotiated with him he would turn on us at the first opportunity and rend us to pieces. We knew the horrible work of the submarine commanders. How horrified we were at what happened to the Lusitania, and since then the Germans had not changed one bit. Just now, when the pendulum was swinging the other way, they said nothing about annexations or subsidies or enslavements, but they were the same. Germans who sank the Lusitania and the Galway Castle, and who if they could set foot in this country, would do what he had seen them do in France and Belgium, leaving not a house with a roof on, leaving piles of murdered men, women, and children about. They were the people we had to defeat and the only way to enjoy in the future the decencies of civilisation and all we had dear was to defeat them and change their spirit. However bitter might be the cost, he was one of those who said the only safety for ourselves and civilisation was to put this thing under and destroy it. Sir Thomas closed with an eloquent tribute to all those—sailors, firemen, stewards, stewardesses, officers, engineers—who man our ships going to sea. He had seen how our Mercantile Marine comported itself in the face of danger, and was astonished at the calm courage they showed and the way in which the men who had been torpedoed one, two, and even three times went to sea again just as one would go for a walk on a sunny day. "I am entirely in sympathy with their feelings when they say that whatever else they do they will have no more dealings with the Hun." (Loud applause) On the motion of Sir William H. Clemmey (chairman of the Bootle Parliamentary Division), seconded by Mr. W. E. Hughes (chairman of the Workmen's Conservative Association), and supported by representatives of other party organisations, the following resolution was unanimously carried:—"This meeting of the Unionist organisations in Bootle here assembled, having heard the views of Sir Thomas R. yden, Bart., and endorsing the decision of the Bootle Constitutional Association in inviting him to become their prospective Parliamentary candidate, and cordially welcoming his acceptance of the invitation. This meeting further pledges itself to use all legitimate means to secure his return at the head of the poll at the next general election."

SHIPPING.

YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA

INCORPORATED IN JAPAN.

(THE YAMASHITA STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.)

Steamship Owners, Brokers for the Sale, Purchase, Construction and Chartering of Steamers. Marine Insurance Brokers, etc.

Coalmine Owners also Bunker Coal Contractors.

Best Japanese Coal always in stock.

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BRANCH OFFICE:--TOKYO, SINGAPORE & TAIHOKU.

AGENTS:--LONDON, NEW YORK, SEATTLE, SAN FRANCISCO, SYDNEY, SHANGHAI, TAKAO, KEELUNG AND MOJI.

For Particulars Please Apply to:--

M. KOBAYASHI, Agent.

Tel. 2844.

2nd Floor St. George's Building.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia.)

THE STEAMSHIP

"van CLOON,"

will be despatched on or about the 17th December, 1918 to: SWATOW, BELAWAN-DELI AND PENANG.

This vessel offers excellent cabin-accommodation for saloon-passengers.

Wireless Telegraphy.

For freight and passage apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN, AGENTS.

NOTICE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

To Owners, Captains & Engineers of all Ships Trading to Saigon.

SHOULD YOU REQUIRE REPAIRS, DECK OR ENGINE ROOM OR ANY KIND OF STORES, PLEASE CONSULT US.

"UNIVERSAL MACHINERY"

40-42 RUE CHAIGNEAU SAIGON. Code A. B. C. 5th Ed.

SOLE AGENTS OF LAJACQUE & CO'S ENGINEERING WORKS KHANHOI, SAIGON.

General Engineers, Boiler makers, Copper Smiths, Brass Finishers, Foundry, Shipwrights, Welding by Oxygen, etc., etc.

ALL AND EVERY KIND OF REPAIRS EXECUTED ON SHORTEST NOTICE. REPAIRS AND TIME GUARANTEED. PRICES MODERATE.

BRITISH ENGINEER SUPERVISING.

DOCKING CAN BE ARRANGED.

PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

NO JOB TOO SMALL OR TOO LARGE FOR US TO UNDERTAKE. IN THE EVENT OF OFFICE BEING CLOSED PLEASE APPLY TO MANAGER'S PRIVATE RESIDENCE, 115 RUE PAUL BLANCHY.

Telephone 300 P. N. HULME, Manager.

NOTICE.



MITSUBISHI KAISHA, LTD.

(MITSUBISHI TRADING CO.) COAL, GENERAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKASHIMA OCHI, NITASE, KISHIDA, YOSHINOBU, KOBAYASHI, KAMITAMADA, SUGI, and OTSUKI COAL MINES. Agents for SAKITO COAL.

HEAD OFFICE, TOKYO.

BRANCHES AND REPRESENTATIVES:--NAGASAKI, KANAGAWA, WAKAMATSU, MOJI, KURE, KOBE, OSAKA, TSUBUGA, NAGOYA, YOKOHAMA, TOKYO, HAKODATE, MURORAN, OTARU, VLADIVOSTOK, PEKING, TIENTSIN, DAIREN, TRIFANFU, HANKOW, SHANGHAI, TAIPEH, HONGKONG, CANTON, HAIPHONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, CALCUTTA, LONDON & NEW YORK.

Cable Address:--"IWASAKI" Hongkong, Canton, Haiphong, "IWASAKI".

Codes:--AL, A.B.O. 5TH ED., Western Union and Bentley's. AGENCY FOR:--THE OSAKA MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE CO. LTD., OSAKA.

For Particulars Apply to:--S. SAKI, Manager, No. 14, Fooker Street, Hongkong.

CONSIGNEES

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO. LIMITED

AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Co's Steamer "CYCLOPS"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Hoi's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 30th November.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 30th November, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 14th December, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be affected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

HONGKONG STORM SIGNAL CODE. (LOCAL).

Introduced on 1st JULY, 1917.

SIGNAL	SYMBOL	MEANING
1.	▲ (RED)	A typhoon exists which may possibly cause a gale at Hongkong within 24 hours.
2.	▲	Gale expected from the North (N.W. to N.E.)
3.	▲	South (S.E. to S.W.)
4.	▲	East (N.E. to S.E.)
5.	▲	West (N.W. to S.W.)
6.	▲	Gale expected to increase.
7.	▲	Wind of typhoon force expected (any direction).

Signal No. 1 is intended as a warning to "Stand By" and watch for the next signal. When it is the typhoon, or for some other reason, a gale is no longer expected from the direction indicated by the last signal, and that another black signal may possibly be hoisted later.

The signals will be lowered when it is considered that all danger is over.

The day signals will be displayed at the mainmast of the steam signal mast on Blackhead Hill, Hongkong, and at the mainmast of the steam signal mast on the premises of the Standard Oil Company at Lai-chi-cho, and the signal mast near the Field Officer's Quarters at Lamma.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
WHITE	WHITE	GREEN	GREEN	WHITE	GREEN	RED
WHITE	GREEN	WHITE	WHITE	WHITE	GREEN	GREEN
WHITE	GREEN	WHITE	WHITE	WHITE	GREEN	RED

When local signals are displayed in the Harbour a CODE will be exhibited at the following stations:--

SAU KI WAN
SAI KUNG
SHA TAU KOK
TAI PO

HONGKONG STORM SIGNAL CODE. (NON-LOCAL).

Introduced on 1st JULY, 1917.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	0.
I	-	L	T	+	▲	▼	◆	◇	×

They are displayed at the yard arms of the Storm Signal mast on Blackhead Hill, and remain until an order to change or lower is received from the Observatory.

The following information is given:--

(a) Direction of centre: by 4 symbols at one yard arm.

(b) Direction of motion and velocity of centre, and the time: by 3 symbols at the other yard arm (Tables 1, 2 and 3).

(c) The region threatened: the direction from which the gale is expected, and the time: by 3 symbols at one yard arm (Tables 3 and 4).

EXPLANATION OF THE SIGNALS.

The two upper signals of group (a) indicate the latitude, and the two lower signals the longitude of the centre of the Typhoon or Depression in degrees, as nearly as can be ascertained from the information available. Only the tens and units of the longitude are given; thus, 100° E. indicates longitude 100 E.

The upper signal of group (b) indicates the direction in which the Typhoon or Depression is travelling (Table 1).

The middle signal of group (b) indicates the velocity at which the centre of the Typhoon is travelling. Alternatively it may indicate certain conditions, or a Continental Depression. In such case no velocity is given.

The lower signal of group (b) indicates the time at which the centre was in the position signalled.

The upper signal of group (c) indicates the region threatened: the middle signal the direction from which the gale is expected, and the lower signal the time at which gale conditions were first indicated.

TYPHOON SIGNAL	TYPHOON SIGNAL
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.
I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×	I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×

CONTINENTAL DEPRESSION SIGNAL	GALE SIGNAL
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.
I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×	I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×

CAUTION:--Under the most favourable circumstances the position signal indicates only the degree of latitude and longitude secured to the estimated position of the centre. When the centre is far from any reporting station, or when telegraphic reports are lacking, the position signalled may be as much as 5° in error, both in latitude and longitude, and the velocity and direction of motion will then be in error by corresponding amounts.

It should be particularly noted that the velocity signalled is the mean for the previous 18 or 24 hours.

Table No. 1.—Direction Signals.
UPPER SYMBOL OF HOIST.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.
I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×

Table No. 2.—Velocity and Condition Signals.
MIDDLE SYMBOL OF HOIST.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.
I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×

Table No. 3.—Time Signals.
LOWER SYMBOL OF HOIST.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.
I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×

Table No. 4.—Regions Threatened by Monsoon Gales.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.
I - L T + ▲ ▼ ◆ ◇ ×

VESSELS LOADING AND TO LOAD.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To.	To be Despatched.
Shanghai.	Sin-an	B. & S.	26. Nov.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow.	Haitan	D. L. Co.	26. Nov.
Shanghai.	Changchow	B. & S.	27. Nov.
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta.	Vitim	J. M. Co.	27. Nov.
Raiphong.	Loksang.	J. M. Co.	28. Nov.
Shanghai and Dainy.	Tjikini	J.C.J. L.	28. Nov.
Shanghai.	Sunnie	B. & S.	28. Nov.
Manila.	Loongsang	J. M. Co.	9. Nov.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.	Tama M.	N. Y. K.	29. Nov.
Singapore.	Waerwijk	J. M. Co.	29. Nov.
Tientsin.	Tjimaerel	J.C.J. L.	30. Nov.
Amoy and Shanghai.	Bombay M.	N. Y. K.	1. Dec.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.	Yinshow	B. & S.	1. Dec.
Shanghai.	Schiedyk	J.C.J. L.	3. Dec.
Saigon.	Haihong	D. L. Co.	3. Dec.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow.	Nias	J.C.J. L.	6. Dec.
Manila.	Yuensang	J. M. Co.	6. Dec.
Sandakan.	Mausang	J. M. Co.	6. Dec.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.	Tamba M.	N. Y. K.	7. Dec.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.	Kamakura	N. Y. K.	8. Dec.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	14. Dec.
Java.	Tjikini	J.C.J. L.	20. Dec.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.	Kitano M.	N. Y. K.	18. Jan.

JAPAN AND COAST PORTS

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To.	To be Despatched.
Shanghai.	Sin-an	B. & S.	26. Nov.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow.	Haitan	D. L. Co.	26. Nov.
Shanghai.	Changchow	B. & S.	27. Nov.
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta.	Vitim	J. M. Co.	27. Nov.
Raiphong.	Loksang.	J. M. Co.	28. Nov.
Shanghai and Dainy.	Tjikini	J.C.J. L.	28. Nov.
Shanghai.	Sunnie	B. & S.	28. Nov.
Manila.	Loongsang	J. M. Co.	9. Nov.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.	Tama M.	N. Y. K.	29. Nov.
Singapore.	Waerwijk	J. M. Co.	29. Nov.
Tientsin.	Tjimaerel	J.C.J. L.	30. Nov.
Amoy and Shanghai.	Bombay M.	N. Y. K.	1. Dec.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.	Yinshow	B. & S.	1. Dec.
Shanghai.	Schiedyk	J.C.J. L.	3. Dec.
Saigon.	Haihong	D. L. Co.	3. Dec.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow.	Nias	J.C.J. L.	6. Dec.
Manila.	Yuensang	J. M. Co.	6. Dec.
Sandakan.	Mausang	J. M. Co.	6. Dec.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.	Tamba M.	N. Y. K.	7. Dec.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.	Kamakura	N. Y. K.	8. Dec.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	14. Dec.
Java.	Tjikini	J.C.J. L.	20. Dec.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.	Kitano M.	N. Y. K.	18. Jan.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The Great Northern Telegraph Company, Ltd.

The following Unclaimed Telegrams are lying here:--

Yantai-shing, from Shanghai.
Cameron Netherlands Trading Society, from Yokohama.
Yanon, from Kobe.
K. C. Hs. Chinese Y. M. C. A. from Shanghai.
Wroe, from Yokohama.
Chu Lip Tong, 276, Des Voeux Road Central, from Hongkong.
Wytt Passenger, Tanyo Maru, c/o Nippon Yusen Kaisha, from Shanghai.
Nishioka Suzukishoten, from Kobe.
Sanyik, from Shanghai.
Miss Chenwong, 3rd Floor, 37 Douglas Street (2) from Shanghai.
Lisangyuen, from Shanghai.

Yuachai, from Kobe.
Kwong, from Kobe.
Boniface, from Kobe.
Bowern, c/o Edward Hotel, from Shanghai.
Tonytack, Hunzatcheorg, W-st Point, from Shanghai.
Retransmitted, from Shanghai George Stel, Hongkong Hotel, from New York.
Changvenan Noll, China Wine Shop, from Shanghai.

T. KING, Asst. Superintendent.
Hongkong, November 22, 1918.

Eastern Extension, Australasia & China Telegraph Co.
List of Unclaimed Telegrams lying in the E. E. Telegraph Office at Hongkong.
The Cottrells, from Bangkok.
Dykes, Nava Duckyard, from Cotacumund.
Knight, from Boston.
Remedios, Bellios Terrace, from Iloilo.

J. K. GIBSON, Superintendent.
Hongkong, November 21, 1918.

WATER RETURN.

Level and Storage of water in Reservoirs on Nov. 1, 1918.

TOWN AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS LEVEL.

Area	1st. 1st. Below	2nd. 1st. Below
Town	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Hill	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Level	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Storage	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below

STORAGE IN MILLIONS AND DECIMALS OF GALLONS.

Area	1st. 1st. Below	2nd. 1st. Below
Town	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Hill	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Level	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Storage	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below

Consumption of water in the City and Hill Districts of Oct.

KOWLOON WATER WORKS LEVEL.

Area	1st. 1st. Below	2nd. 1st. Below
Town	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Hill	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Level	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Storage	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below

STORAGE IN MILLIONS AND DECIMALS OF GALLONS.

Area	1st. 1st. Below	2nd. 1st. Below
Town	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Hill	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Level	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below
Storage	17th. 1st. Below	17th. 1st. Below

Consumption of water in Kowloon in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of Oct.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

Telegraphic advice from the Shanghai Office of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co. states that the s.s. COQUET, Voyage 3, outward, sailed from the Port on Saturday, November 16th, 1918, for Manila, and will be due here about November 26th 1918.

The C.P.O.S. Chartered Steamer KEY WEST left Vancouver on the 9th instant and is due at Hongkong about the 13th instant.

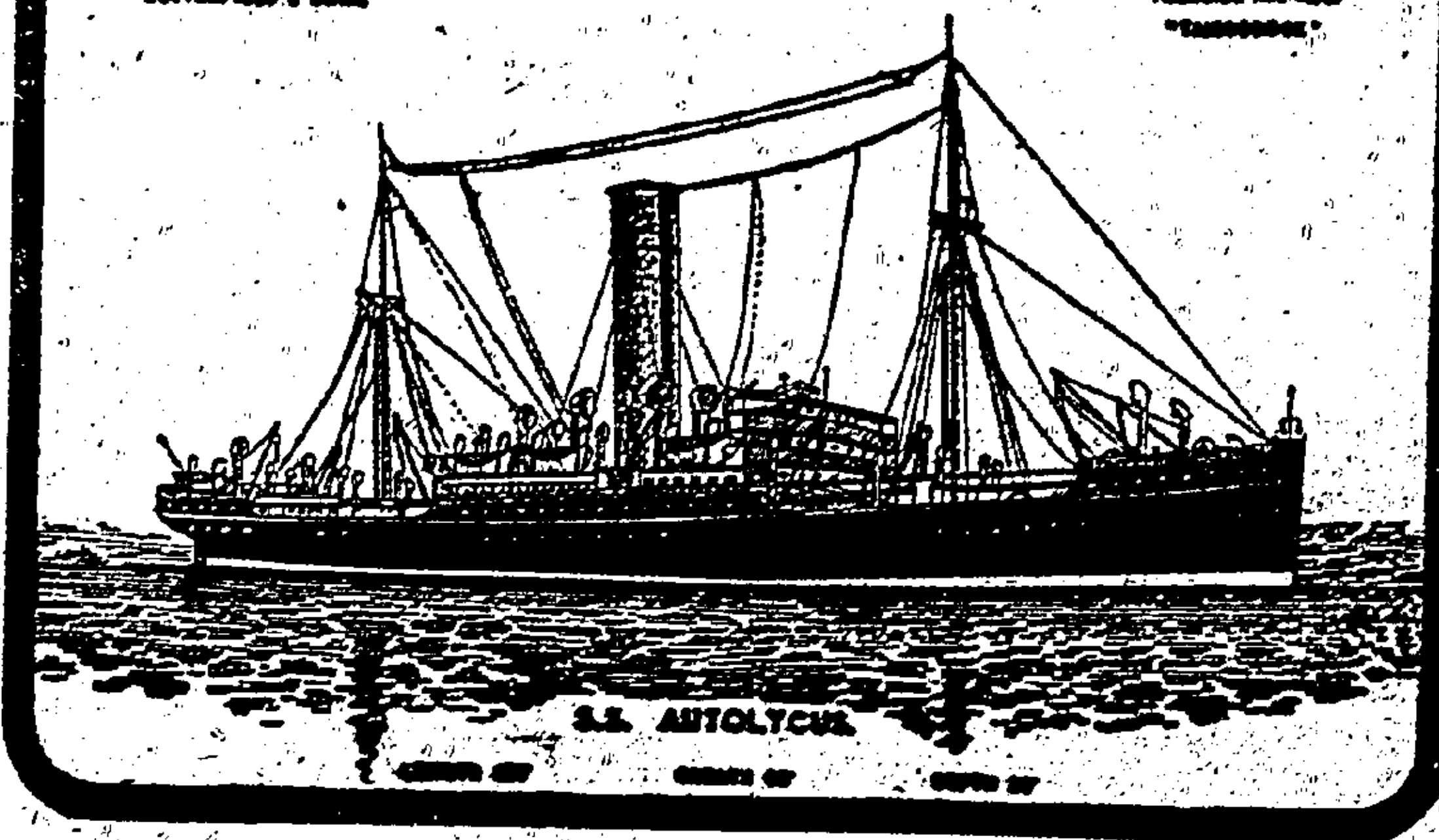
The C.P.O.S. MONTEAGLE left Vancouver for Hongkong via usual Port on the 17th instant, and is due here about the 15th December. She will be de-spached hence for Vancouver, via usual Ports on or about the 20th December.

The C. I. S. M.S. Co. is in receipt of a telegram from its San Francisco Office to the effect that the s.s. HANKEING, Voy. 2, home, arrived at that port on November 18th, in accordance with schedule.

NOTICES.

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FROM THE PULPIT.

Thrones Overturned.

Notes of a sermon by the Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald at Union Church on Sunday morning.

"And thou, O deadly wounded wicked one, the prince of Israel, whose day is come, in the time of the iniquity of the end; thus saith the Lord God: Remove the mitre, and take off the crown; this shall be no more the same; exalt that which is low, and abase that which is high. I will overturn, overturn, overturn it; this also shall be no more, until he come whose right it is; and I will give it him."—Ezekiel 21/25-27.

The "deadly wounded wicked one," who is here addressed in words of doom, is Zedekiah, the last of the Jewish Kings. His day was come, and with him closed the long line of princes of whom it is written that they "did that which was evil in the sight of the Lord." Zedekiah appears to have been a man who had not the courage to do what he knew to be right. He seems to have been surrounded by headstrong and foolish counsellors who stirred him up to plot against the mighty power of Babylon and break the oath he had passed to Nebuchadnezzar his king. The remonstrances of Jeremiah were unavailing. He stood almost alone, the great majority of the prophets, so-called, encouraging Court and King with assurances that God would stand by them. The fanatics prevailed.

Zedekiah broke his word, and the Jewish monarchy ended in the furious vengeance exacted by Nebuchadnezzar for the breach of faith. Zedekiah's sons were slain before his eyes, and he himself was blinded and carried off to Babylon. To do the King of Babylon justice, he seems to have exercised a fair amount of patience with these Jerusalemites, but bad faith is perhaps the least forgivable of offences between nations, lightly though "scraps of paper" may often be esteemed. Mark to Ezekiel upon this very case: "Shall he prosper? Shall he escape that doth such things? Shall he break covenant and yet escape? ... He hath despised the oath by breaking the covenant; and behold, he hath given his hand, and yet hath done all these things; he shall not escape."

You may have heard the Scotchman's answer to Dr. Johnson's question, what had Oliver Cromwell done? He garred Kings ken their heads could come off." Charles Stuart, the first, through whom that grim lesson was sounded out, was a man of considerable virtues. But his word could not be believed, and it was his faithlessness which undid him. With his doctrine of Divine right he had got into his mind that he, the King, stood in some sovereign sense above common law and obligation, and his subjects were driven at length to see that it was impossible to make agreements with him, because he held himself bound by no undertaking. So that throne was overturned, as many another has been, because truth, the only rock foundation, did not underlie it.

There has been an overturning of thrones such as the world has never seen during the last few weeks, and it is all traceable in the end to the fundamental falsity which was at the bottom of the war. The war was pretended, and still is, to have been a war of defence. There are millions of enemy subjects who still believe that—indeed we had an echo of it only the other day in a Japanese paper which ought to have known better. On that carefully fostered illusion the patriotism of the German states has been sustained through miseries, losses and privations. But truth will out, and the world at large knows only too well that never yet was war more calculatingly foreseen and deliberately launched at an appointed moment. Under this master fiction of necessary defence against intriguing enemies was built up the whole organised system of deception whose ramifications spread through every country in the world, and whose discovery has brought an opinion on the German name which

perhaps will never be shaken off. It is not only the thrones of German Kingdoms which are overturned; the whole of German influence throughout the world has suffered a reversal which will tell on it for many a day, as every German who ventures outside his homeland will find.

Political peace may be signed, but on what terms will it ever be possible to resume relations with people whose habit it has been to spy on our houses while they ate our salt, whose Ambassadors carried bombs and poison tubes in their baggage, whose every citizen abroad, from the nursery governess to the titled diplomatist, is rightly under suspicion as a probable plotter of sedition and centre of treachery? Force and fraud have been the chosen weapons of the Central Powers; the force might be forgiven, even in a sense respected, but in the organised fraud there is something which raises the very gorge of common men. You can shake hands next day with the man who knocks you down in the open, but the wretch who bribes your servants to poison your food or burn you in your bed is on another footing.

One of the changes sought through the coming peace is defined as "the end of secret diplomacy." The masses of mankind will have a sigh of profound relief if that tremendous revolution can be accomplished—if there is an end for evermore to plotting and wire-pulling on the part of an exalted few, who, after all, are but men like the rest of us, yet believe themselves competent and entitled to commit mankind's millions to undertakings of which they know nothing though their very life-blood may be demanded to make them good. "He that doeth truth cometh to the light," says our Saviour, "that his deeds may be made manifest that they are wrought in God."

The very atmosphere of concealment tempts men to embark on courses which will not bear the light. Even honourable men are intrigued into devices in the seclusion of high politics as conducted hitherto, whilst such as love the darkness rather than the light because their deeds are evil find it their native air. If the overturning of feudal and autocratic thrones means that government in the future is to be government by and for the people, no such catastrophes as that which we have just passed through will ever again be possible. That may not be to say there will never be another war of any kind, though we hope there may not. But it will never again be possible for one or two nations to spring such a surprise upon their neighbours as was sprung on the democracies of France and Britain in 1914. A nation which really governs itself does it in daylight and by discussion, under the observation of its neighbours, and these are not conditions under which aggressive war can be plotted for half a century and pre-empted in a month.

The world is taking very philosophically the departure of these German royalties and their hangers-on from its stage. It is felt to be high time. Royalty of that kind is an anachronism in the modern world, and its disappearance is accomplished in the abdication of persons who personally are so negligible when they do not happen to be objectionable that European absolutism is going down to its burial "unwept, unhonoured, and unused." Around no one of these newly uncrowned hangs the slightest glamour of romance. No glen or mountain in all Europe will ever ring with such legends as the clans poured forth for Bonnie Prince Charlie, fascinating at least in misfortune, wrapped in his plaid on the open heather or tossed in frail skiffs among the stormy Hebrides. The Hohenzollern has fled in comfort across the Dutch border, and minister does not follow the motor-car. He is regarded there officially, we are told, as a distinguished political refugee. Unofficially he is considered by most of his fellow-creatures to be a conspicuous candidate for denunciation, which is likely to be the last word upon the subject.

The All-Highest Supreme War Lord, whose nod was the marching order of armed millions, has gravitated to his proper station without as much as a corporal's

do his bidding; and who regrets it except the feudal caste whose fortunes and prerogatives were bound up with his own, conspicuous amongst them the minor royalties of subsidiary German States?

If there is a touch of general sympathy anywhere it is for Emperor Karl of Austria, set on a throne he probably never coveted, which from the first was impossible to hold. He will be a happier man in private life, and none will grudge him a quiet career. With the end of Hapsburg rule there closes a policy which was well-matched with the Prussian, and one of the most inveterate tyrannies which have cursed Europe. Gladstone said in his time that it was impossible to put a finger on any point of the map and say "Here Austria has done good." Napoleon the Great before him declared of Austrian statesmen that their word could not be taken, and their oaths were perjuries; and that bad tradition has been but too well followed up to recent years. A wireless message was sent out lately in the name of Hungary to the world, repudiating responsibility for the war, but no one desired it more than the ruling Magyar race, and no repudiation would have been heard of had the war turned out a success. But at any rate the subject races of the tyrant Empire are free to-day, and it shall "no more be the same" with those many millions who for centuries had been held in subjection.

We must not forget Austria when the responsibility for what occurred is being assigned, for she was a willing partner in the evil enterprise. There have been a good many attempts to put practically all the blame upon Lutheran Prussia, and to exploit the situation in an absolutely inadmissible religious party sense. Something of the kind was, if not directly stated, at least left to be inferred in an address reported as given in Hongkong last Sunday, the only jarring note I think in all our local celebrations. The occasion was seized to make a violent and unseemly attack upon the character and personality of Luther himself, the victory appeared to be ascribed mainly to intercessions instituted by the Pope. As to the Pope, I will say nothing; but the Vatican has laid itself under a suspicion of pro-Germanism which will not easily be got rid of. However, it is a point which needs no argument that the line of cleavage in the war was by no means that of Protestant and Catholic. Both have fought on either side. Banged with Lutheran Prussia were Catholic South Germany and Austria; beside Protestant England stood Catholic Belgium, France, Italy, Portugal, Cardinal Bourne at Westminster condemned German midnightings as a Christian minister should; the Catholic Archbishop of Cologne advocated ruthless submarine warfare as only one who is a partisan first and priest afterwards could. The utterances of German Protestant divines have been constantly quoted, and they have been disgraced enough, but they hardly drop to the level of the Catholic priest in Saxony who assured his congregation that angels were seen waiting to carry off the souls of German soldiers to Paradise from the field of battle, while demons hung ready to bear away those of the hated British to their own abode.

The Mohammedan world has been similarly divided; indeed, the failure of the Kaiser's attempt to raise a jihad under the green flag of the Prophet tells its own tale. The war did not result from religious divisions and it will be used to intensify them. On the contrary, it will do much to heal them, indeed, has done so already. On the field of battle a Jewish Rabbi was seen to hold up a crucifix to the eyes of a dying French soldier, and I had rather take such an action as that as the type of the new and better spirit than take occasion to accent controversies in the time of general thanksgiving.

"Remove the mitre," says my text. The mitre worn unworthily is no more secure than the crown in the day of overturning. Religion may need re-planting; no man shall be a hypocrite, and it is

THE "STUNTS."

To-morrow Night's Entertainment.

The booking for to-morrow night's variety entertainment by the "Stunts" is filling satisfactorily. The entertainment will no doubt prove a good start for the big push during the week-end, and if this company is accorded all the support which its talent deserves, there is no reason why the entertainment should not benefit the "Heather Day" Fund as much as it did the "Our Day" Fund two months ago.

The success of the entertainment has been made certain by the successful rehearsals, and the "Stunts" guarantee two and a half hours of first-class music. The programme is full of good things, and the fact that it is being especially designed to please Scottish taste will be greatly appreciated. The "Stunts" are being assisted by an amateur orchestra to-morrow.

TRAMWAY RETURNS.

The following is the approximate statement of the Hongkong Tramway Company's traffic receipts for the week ending 23rd November, 1918:—

	Aggregate Receipts for week	Aggregate Receipts for 47 weeks
This Year:—	\$12,717	649,817
Last Year:—	12,717	635,947
Increase:—	—	13,870

to get it. The Jewish King was regarded, as holding a sacred as well as a secular office, and Zedekiah was as unfit for the one as the other. Well, Divine Right has vanished, and it has always been the mainstay of personal tyranny. Its last claimant is the man who declared that on him as German Emperor the Holy Ghost rested; that there was but one will in Germany, and it was his; that whoever opposed him he would crush. All that is gone for ever. Even should some counter-revolution seek to put the Hohenzollern on a throne again, it would be on a wholly different tenure. Such a reaction is possible, for matters are so unsettled that many further changes are sure to precede any real settlement—the triple "overturn" of my text has its significance.

But a settlement will come and as men and women who believe that the Lord reigneth, we have a sure confidence that, through whatever passing storms its bark may have to press, our humanity will be found ere long to have come some way nearer to its desired haven. All the overturning is for objects beyond itself. Destruction for its own sake is devil's work and fool's play, but when God arises to shake the earth it is that the things which cannot be shaken may be re-established on a firmer basis. "Until He comes whose right it is," Ezekiel says here, the Kingdom of this world will suffer changes, but when it passes beneath His sway it will become a dominion which knows no term but only passes from more to more in the righteousness, peace and joy which are its characteristics. The prophet is looking in this to the Messiah of his people, and through them of the world. Kingship in Israel began in militarism, the people demanding a king like the nations round about them to organise them for war and lead them to battle. Begun with the sword, it was ended by the sword, to be resumed in God's far-seeing providence in the perpetual reign of the divine Prince, of the increase of Whose Government and peace there should be no end.

We may not say to-day because ancient tyrannies are disappearing fast, and the despots which incarnated them are overturned before our very eyes, that the Millennium is dawning on our world. We can, however, hold that the perfected state is perceptibly nearer than it was, and we should be faithless and unbelieving did we fail to hold that human society has taken steps forward from which it will never recede. He is drawing nearer whose right it is to reign. Christ is coming to His own, and will yet be crowned Lord of all.

THE TOC-EMMA MAN.

A Little Known Branch of the Army.

Very little is heard of a branch of our Army which has done, and still does, an immense amount of hard, and at times, dangerous work, as the recent casualty lists testify.

A trench mortar battery of the medium and heavy types of mortar is recruited from the artillery, but having left the fold to serve an ungainly and, to a true gunner, a primitive apology for a gun, which is carried in a G.S. wagon on the march while the personal trudge along on foot, the artilleryman no longer looks on a T.M. man as a real gunner.

Living in trenches, rarely getting a chance for spectacular work, they are as a rule apart. Neither are they loved by the infantryman, who has an instinctive dislike for anyone likely to stir up the Boche guns and get the trenches strafed. So the Toc-Emma man is "nobody's child."

They are an independent unit, living a happy life, taking the gunner's pitying smile and the infantryman's dislike good-humouredly, and doing their bit to get to Berlin.

In a normal sector, the T.M. officer visits his battery H.Q. in the line every day.

Some colonels are mild and peace-loving, but others are regular fire-eaters, and believe in causing Jerry as much annoyance as possible, a policy which has its disadvantages, with a vindictive enemy, but is perhaps the best in the long run.

"Hm," grants the Colonel, "trench mortars, are you? Well, look here, young man, we've been annoyed very much lately by bomb-bombs (small German T.M. bombs weighing 4lb.). They come from this trench here," pointing on map. "The reference is H 22 d 4."

"Righto, sir, I'll put over a few and see if I can shut 'em up." He wanders along to the front line where one of his mortars is in position. Close by is a dug-out where the detachment live.

He calls down the entrance: "Bombardier, I want to get a dozen bombs prepared; be all ready to fire in half an hour. Is the signaller there? Tell him to come along with me and bring a phone; we shan't want much wire. I can see pretty well from this sap, just near the mine-orator; we are going to shut up a pineapple (Tommy's name for the granater-werfer or vane-bomb thrower)."

"Very good, sir. Come along, you follow." "The Stuff to Give 'Em." The officer goes along with the signaller and helps him to reel out the wire. By looking over the parapet here and there, he at length decides on the best place for observing the fire.

While the field telephone is being attached and connections made, he pulls out a map, a scale and protractor, and measures the necessary range and switch, which are phoned to the gun.

"Presently a message comes back, 'Ready, sir.'"

"Righto, blaze away."

The signaller sends the order "Fire!" They hear a "pout."

"There she goes!" One or two infantrymen on sentry duty who had been eyeing the preparations with dis favour, immediately become interested.

All eyes watch the black object travelling rapidly through the air. There is a swish-swish swish as the bomb falls, a thud, then the explosion. Lumps of earth, pieces of timber, corrugated iron, duck-boards and debris are hurled high in the air.

"That's the stuff to give 'em," cries the sentry. "How many more are you going to send over, sir?" "About a dozen; repeat the last round."

Another bomb is fired, falling outside the trench this time. The range is altered slightly, and several more hit the trench and round about. The infantrymen are enthusiastic. Then everyone ducks suddenly and hugs the duckboard on the bottom of the trench. Whizz-bang! Crash! Bang! For two minutes the storm rages; then stops as suddenly as it had begun—artillery retaliation. They get up, laughing and brushing the mud from their clothes.

UNIFICATION OF WAR BONUSES.

New Movement of Labour Federations.

The London correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce* states that a movement is on foot by Labour Federations and Associations to act jointly in the endeavour to secure unification of war bonuses. At the present time different grades of labour have varying war bonus percentages. This has been productive of considerable jealousy, inasmuch as one section is dissatisfied if another section of labour secures a higher war bonus. Consequently there is a tendency on the part of the federations to combine for unification of war bonuses. The lead to this movement has been given by the National Transport Workers' Federation, which now makes a striking demand for 100 per cent. war bonus for all dockers and general cargo workers at all the ports of the United Kingdom. The demand has come as a surprise to many employers, and indicates the unrest and dissatisfaction that prevails amongst dock workers of all descriptions. The secretary of the National Transport Workers' Federation is issuing a circular letter to all employers' associations asking formal application for this increase. The application is the outcome of a conference at which the Federation were requested by all affiliated unions to demand this increased bonus for all workers in the United Kingdom and Ireland. The application is for an advance in wages of 4d per hour in addition to present rates for all men who receive 7d per hour or more war advances, and for all men who have received less than 7d per hour war advance such sum as shall give them 7d per hour in addition to the 4d per hour as set out in the application. With respect to those on piece-work, application is made for a minimum of 100 per cent. advance upon pre-war rates; previous and present war bonuses are asked to be merged and become a war wage. The application includes dockers, loading and discharging general cargo, workmen overseas and off, warehousemen, crane-men, etc., at ports and wharves, and includes all employees embraced in existing local agreements, and whose unions are affiliated to the National Transport Workers' Federation. The circular letter states that in consequence of friction created by a number of employers refusing to observe the terms of the Committee on Production award of May 3rd last it has been necessary to make the terms of application as comprehensive as possible. Strikes and disputes having ensued in consequence of certain employers seeking to evade the obligations imposed by the award of application. The Chief Industrial Commissioner has been acquainted with the application, and has been asked to arrange a conference of all employers of all classes of labour concerned, or, failing that, the application will be submitted to the Committee on Production.

Golf for War Funds.

Harry Vardon (South Herts) and J. H. Taylor (Mid-Surrey) beat J. Braid (Wiltshire) and J. White (Sunningdale) in a 36-hole four-ball foursome, at Sunningdale, recently by two holes, after leading by a single hole in the morning round. The proceeds, together with the amount realised by auction sales, are to be given to the British Red Cross Society, the Order of St. John, and the local war hospitals and working parties.

No one is hurt, luckily, neither is the gun damaged. The "pineapple" shows no sign of life. The trench, where it was located, is all battered and smashed in.

Picking up the telephone and reeling in the wire, the officer and his signaller return. Some camouflage is put over the gun.

"What about some dinner, cook? Is nearly one o'clock." "The food is over." "It is nothing. The sector is one where there is nothing to report," but it all helps to win the war.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

President Wilson's Proclamation.

Washington, November 19.—President Wilson has proclaimed Thursday, November 28, Thanksgiving day, as follows:—

"It has long been our custom in the autumn of the year to give praise in thanksgiving to Almighty God for his many blessings and mercies to us as a nation. This year we have special cause to be grateful and to rejoice. God in his good pleasure has given us peace. It has not come as a mere cessation of arms, a mere relief from the strain and tragedy of war. It has come as a great triumph of right. Complete victories brought us not peace alone, but confidence in the promise of a new day in which justice shall replace the former jealous intrigues among nations.

"Our gallant armies have participated in the triumph unmarred or unstained by any purpose of selfish aggression. In a righteous cause they have won immortal glory and have nobly served their nation in serving mankind. God has indeed been gracious. We have cause for such rejoicing as revives strength in us to feel the best traditions of our national history. A new day shines about us in which our hearts take new courage and look forward with new hope to new and greater duties.

"While we render thanks for these things let us not forget to seek Divine guidance in the performance of those duties and Divine mercy and forgiveness for all errors of act or purpose, and pray that we so shall strengthen his friendship and mutual respect upon which we must rest to build the new structure of peace and goodwill among the nations.

"Wherefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States do hereby designate Thursday, November 28, next, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer for the people throughout the land to devote upon that day their ordinary occupation and in their several homes and places of worship to render thanks to God, Ruler of Nations."

U-BOAT MURDERS.

China Preparing Her Claims.

The Chinese Government is preparing to lay claims against Germany for the death of Chinese resulting from the prosecution of the Kaiser's submarine policy. The Bureau of Overseas Chinese Affairs, in Peking, has communicated with the Canton authorities ordering the preparation of a list of the local Chinese who lost their lives due to the above named cause. This list is to contain the name of the person, his address, name of the steamer, and the date that it was torpedoed which is to be brought before the World's Peace Conference and must be submitted to the Peking Bureau at the end of the month.

CANTON NEWS.

Our Canton correspondent writes as follows:—

The South and Peace. Inquiry to query by Parliament, the Military Government says the American Consul's earnest advice for peace has been replied to by the Foreign Department which says that the South can only recognise Chu Sai-chang as the leader of the North, but not the President.

Lung's Troops Surrender. An official report from Hainan states that all Lung's troops there (5,000 in number) have surrendered with their rifles, also 28 guns and 20 machine-guns. A letter has been circulated to the Press by the Taichan expressing his great pleasure and saying that henceforth Kwangtung Province may be free from the calamity of war.

New U.S. Consul Entertained. A grand reception was given to the new American Consul by the Chinese American Union Society in a hall on the east bank. Many hundreds were present and several speeches were delivered.



Embassy

No. 77
**VIRGINIA
CIGARETTES.**

Such Cigarettes can only be offered by
Manufacturers possessing a Staff of Experts
"who have had many years' experience in
the manufacture of High Class Cigarettes."

The Cigarette de Luxe

Stocked by all High Class Tobacconists.

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

POST OFFICE.

Telegraphic Communication with
Waglan Light-house is interrupted since
7.35 p.m. yesterday.

The parcel post service to Cuba is
suspended.

It is notified that all post letters as to
the use of wireless telegraphy by Mer-
chant Vessels on the China Station have
been abolished.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bul-
garia and the Ottoman Empire are
suspended.

On and after May 1st 1918, Imperial
Postal Orders will be cashed in India at
the rate of 1/6 to the rupee.

No unofficial letter addressed to
Abadan, Ahwas or Mohammara in the
Persian Gulf may exceed eight ounces in
weight.

The insured letter and insured parcel
services between Egypt (or in transit
through Egypt) and Cyprus are tempo-
rarily suspended.

Uninsured parcels for the United
Kingdom will in future be forwarded
from Hongkong in bags and the Public
are therefore advised to pack such parcels
very carefully.

Until further notice parcels for civil
addresses in the provinces of Udine,
Vicenza, Treviso, Padua, Venice and
Belluno in Italy will not be accepted for
transmission unless posted under the
British War Office Permit.

The Parcel Post Services to British East
Africa and Egypt (except for members
of the Expeditionary Forces), and to
Abyssinia, Bagdad, Eritrea, French
Somali Coast, Italian Somaliland, Portu-
guese East Africa, Zanzibar and Russia
have been suspended.

On 1st September, 1918, the rates of
postage chargeable in India on letters for
all places abroad to which the rate of 1
anna per ounce was previously applicable
was raised to 1 1/2 annas for the first ounce
and 1 anna for each additional ounce.

The postage on letters to Naval and
Military addresses was not raised.

From the 1st May 1918 there will be
three General deliveries daily from the
District Post Offices except on Sunday
and Holidays when there will be one
delivery only.

The hours of delivery will be as
follows:—Week days 9 a.m. 1 p.m. and
5 p.m.

Sundays and Holidays noon.

Information has been received from
the Director General of Posts and
Telegraphs Tokio, that on and after 1st
April 1918, the Post Office of Japan will
collect a demurrage charge from the
addresses of parcels on which Customs
duties or inland taxes are imposed in
Japan, not withdrawn from the Post
Office within 30 days from the date of
the notice of their arrival to be sent to
the addressee.

Registered and Parcel Mail close 15
minutes earlier than the time given below
unless otherwise stated.

In the case of Mails closing before 9
a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on
the previous evening.

INWARD MAILS.

Straits—Per CHUNSAUNG, 1st Dec.

OUTWARD MAILS.

TO-MORROW.

Straits, and Bangkok—Per DAIYA M.,
27th Nov., 8 a.m.

Shanghai and North China—Japan via
Nagasaki, Honolulu, United
States, Central & S. America,
& Europe via San Francisco
—Per TENYO MARU, 27th
Nov., Reg. 9.45 a.m. Letters
10.30 a.m.

Shanghai and N. China—Per CYCLOPS,
27th Nov., 10 a.m.

Fort Bayard—Per WING HANG, 27th
Nov., 1 p.m.

Straits, Bangkok, and India via Calcutta
—27th Nov., 2 p.m.

Straits, Bangkok, Bombay, Aden, Port
Suez, and Europe via Suez
—27th Nov., 5 p.m.

The Parcel Mail will be closed on
Wednesday, 27th Nov., at 3 p.m.

Hai Phong—Per LOESANG, 27th Nov.,
5 p.m.

THURSDAY, 28th November.
Swatow and Peking—Per CHINEUA,
18th Nov., 11 a.m.

Shanghai & N. China—Per SUNNING,
28th Nov., 11 a.m.

FRIDAY, 29th November.
Tientsin—Per KUEIHOW, 29th Nov.,
11 p.m.

Philippine Islands—Per LOONGSANG,
29th Nov., 2 p.m.

Straits and Bangkok—Per VAN
WAERWICK, 29th Nov.,
2 p.m.

SATURDAY, 30th November.
Shanghai & N. C. Japan via Nagasaki,
Canada, United States, Central
& South America, & Europe
via Canada—Per AFROIA
M., 30th Nov., Reg. 9.45 a.m.
Letters 10.30 a.m.

SUNDAY, 1st December.
Shanghai & North China—Per Y. H. G.
CHOW, 1st Dec., 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy, and Formosa via K'ung-
—Per KAIJO MARU, 1st
Dec., 9 a.m.

MONDAY, 2nd December.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, S.
Africa, India via Durban, B. m. bay, Aden, Egypt and
Europe via Suez—2nd Dec.,
Registration 9.45 a.m. Letters
10.30 a.m.

The Parcel Mail will be closed on
Monday, 2nd Dec. at 3 p.m.

TUESDAY, 3rd December.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa—Per HAI
—HONG 3rd Dec., 1 p.m.

WEATHER REPORT.

November 26th 1918. 11m.—No returns
from Japan, Vladivostok, Indo-China
and the Philippines. Pressure has in-
creased slightly at Weihaiwei and
decreased moderately at other reporting
stations. The anticyclone has probably
moved into the Pacific to the east of
Japan.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours
ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 1.73 inch.
Total since January 1st 101.23 inches
against an average of 81.80 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District.	Forecast.
N. & N.E. winds, moderate; cloudy, improving later.	
1 Hongkong to Gap Rock...	
2 Formosa Channel	N. winds, strong, moder- ately rain- ing.
3 South coast of China be- tween H.K. and Lamoo...	The same as No. 1.
4 South coast of China be- tween H.K. and Hainan...	The same as No. 1.

China Coast Meteorological Register.
Nov. 24, a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Winds.	Force.	Weather.
Vorster	6a						
Nagasaki	5a						
Hakodate	5a						
Tokio	5a						
Kobe	5a						
Nagasaki	5a						
Oshima	5a						
Naha	5a						
Lufkin	5a						
Bonin Is.	5a						
Whaiwei	6a	30.06	44	68	n	4b	
Hankow							
Ichang							
Chungking							
Shanghai		30.03	48	100	s	1b	
Canton		30.03	56	89	s	2b	
Canton		29.93	60	93	s	1r	
Amoy		29.96	62	94	ne	1c	
Swatow		29.94	60	94	ane	1or	
Taihou	5a	29.94	63	96	e	4r	
Taihou		29.98	63		npe	4r	
Taihou		29.95	64		n	4c	
Kobun		29.94	72		e	4c	
Plores		29.89	64		n	7r	
Canton	5a	29.97	59	100	n	1or	
H'kong		29.94	63	94		0od	
Gap Rock		29.94			ane	4or	
Macao		29.91	77	100	nsw	2c	
Wahow							
Pakhoi							
Hohow							
Funien	7a						
Tourane							
C. St. J.							
Apurri							
Dagupan							
Manila							
Laguail							
Iacloben							
Dollo							
Surigao							
Guam	4.30						
Lanuan	5	29.74	83	91	sw	6b	

C. W. JEFFRIES, Chief Assistant.

Hongkong Observatory, Nov. 26, 1918.

1 Barometer, reduced to 32 degrees
Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in in-
ches, tenths and hundredths.

2 Temperature, in the shade, in degrees
Fahrenheit.

3 Humidity, in percentage of saturation
the humidity of air saturated with mois-
ture being 100.

4 Direction of Wind, to two points.

5 Force of Wind, according to Beaufort
Scale.

State of Weather, b blue sky, c do-
clouded, d drizzling rain, f fog, g
gloomy, h hail, l lightning, o overcast, p
passing showers, q equally, r rain, s snow,
t thunder, v visibility, w dew wet.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous Day On date On date.

Barometer 29.92 29.94 29.94

Temperature 63 65 71

Humidity 93 94 76

Wind Direction E. CALM W.

Force 3 0 2

Weather or cd 0

Rain 0.94 0.00 1.64

Highest open air temperature on the 25th 63

Lowest " " " " " " " " " " " "

H.K. Observatory, Nov. 26, 1918.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

TIDE TABLE.

From 25th Nov. to 1st Dec.

T.	54	High Water	Low Water
25	2.2	2.2	2.2
26	2.2	2.2	2.2
27	2.2	2.2	2.2
28	2.2	2.2	2.2
29	2.2	2.2	2.2
30	2.2	2.2	2.2
1	2.2	2.2	2.2
2	2.2	2.2	2.2
3	2.2	2.2	2.2
4	2.2	2.2	2.2
5	2.2	2.2	2.2
6	2.2	2.2	2.2
7	2.2	2.2	2.2
8	2.2	2.2	2.2
9	2.2	2.2	2.2
10	2.2	2.2	2.2
11	2.2	2.2	2.2
12	2.2	2.2	2.2
13	2.2	2.2	2.2
14	2.2	2.2	2.2
15	2.2	2.2	2.2
16	2.2	2.2	2.2
17	2.2	2.2	2.2
18	2.2	2.2	2.2
19	2.2	2.2	2.2
20	2.2	2.2	2.2
21	2.2	2.2	2.2
22	2.2	2.2	2.2
23	2.2	2.2	2.2
24	2.2	2.2	2.2
25	2.2	2.2	2.2
26	2.2	2.2	2.2
27	2.2	2.2	2.2
28	2.2	2.2	2.2
29	2.2	2.2	2.2
30	2.2	2.2	2.2
1	2.2	2.2	2.2
2	2.2	2.2	2.2
3	2.2	2.2	2.2
4	2.2	2.2	2.2
5	2.2	2.2	2.2
6	2.2	2.2	2.2
7	2.2	2.2	2.2
8	2.2	2.2	2.2
9	2.2	2.2	2.2
10	2.2	2.2	2.2
11	2.2	2.2	2.2
12	2.2	2.2	2.2
13	2.2	2.2	2.2
14	2.2	2.2	2.2
15	2.2	2.2	2.2
16	2.2	2.2	2.2
17	2.2	2.2	2.2
18	2.2	2.2	2.2
19	2.2	2.2	2.2
20	2.2	2.2	2.2
21	2.2	2.2	2.2
22	2.2	2.2	2.2
23	2.2	2.2	2.2
24	2.2	2.2	2.2
25	2.2	2.2	2.2
26	2.2	2.2	2.2
27	2.2	2.2	2.2
28	2.2	2.2	2.2
29	2.2	2.2	2.2
30	2.2	2.2	2.2
1	2.2	2.2	2.2
2	2.2	2.2	2.2
3	2.2	2.2	2.2
4	2.2	2.2	2.2
5	2.2	2.2	2.2
6	2.2	2.2	2.2
7	2.2	2.2	2.2
8	2.2	2.2	2.2
9	2.2	2.2	2.2
10	2.2	2.2	2.2
11	2.2	2.2	2.2
12	2.2	2.2	2.2
13	2.2	2.2	2.2
14	2.2	2.2	2.2
15	2.2	2.2	2.2
16	2.2	2.2	2.2
17	2.2	2.2	2.2
18	2.2	2.2	2.2
19	2.2	2.2	2.2
20	2.2	2.2	2.2
21	2.2	2.2	2.2
22	2.2	2.2	2.2
23	2.2	2.2	2.2
24	2.2	2.2	2.2
25	2.2	2.2	2.2
26	2.2	2.2	2.2
27	2.2	2.2	2.2
28	2.2	2.2	2.2
29	2.2	2.2	2.2
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1	2.2	2.2	2.2
2	2.2	2.2	2.2
3	2.2	2.2	2.2
4	2.2	2.2	2.2
5	2.2	2.2	2.2
6	2.2	2.2	2.2
7	2.2	2.2	2.2
8	2.2	2.2	2.2
9	2.2	2.2	2.2
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17	2.2	2.2	2.2
18	2.2	2.2	2.2
19	2.2	2.2	2.2
20	2.2	2.2	2.2
21	2.2	2.2	2.2
22	2.2	2.	